

The primary concerns in designing and control of LVDC microgrid involve: (a) choice of suitable converter, (b) extraction of maximum power from RES, (c) voltage regulation and (d) power sharing among various sources and loads [7, 8]. The output power of PV is intermittent in nature and is affected due to change in climatic conditions.

"Static-Dynamic Analysis of an LVDC Smart Microgrid for a Saharian-Isolated Areas Using ETAP/MATLAB Software", in Smart Energy Empowerment in Smart and Resilient Cities. Cham (2020), pp. 496-505, 10.1007/978-3-030-37207-1_53. View in ...

The considered stand-alone DC microgrid and corresponding control structure is presented in Section 2, with details on system topology, loads, and PV and ESS selection and sizing. Section 3 reports: (a) the models used for system simulations, (b) the MPC control design, including model selection and optimization problem formulation, and (c) the definition of ...

Short-circuit fault has a great impact on the safety of LVDC microgrids. In order to avoid damage to the DC equipment within microgrid, DC reactors need to be deployed to limit the fault current. This paper proposes an optimal configuration scheme of reactors based on the analytical solution of fault current. Firstly, the equivalent models of the different converters in ...

Another fault location technique for an LVDC microgrid PPU is presented in [106]. Unlike the approach in [105], it uses an attenuation constant of the damped probe current response. Faults close to the PPU are detected with the help of external resistance and inductance, which corresponds to about 0.5 km length of the cable. The fault distance ...

The LVDC distribution has piqued academic interest due to expansion in power electronics technologies. The use of converters, however, has created many technical problems for their protection and control in the case of a failure under improper circumstances. In converter-fed systems, after-the-fault conduct LVDC distribution protection is much different and more ...

The DC MG Control techniques promise that the control will be improved, steady, and efficient. The PE converters act as an interface between the grid and the load which may provide proper control to the microgrid with modified voltage regulation, and better distribution of current (Zhang et al. 2016). This interface may simplify the connections of ...

A survey on the alternative DG units" configurations in the low voltage AC (LVAC) and DC (LVDC) distribution networks with several applications of microgrid systems in the viewpoint of the current ...

LVDC MICROGRID WITH ENERGY SOURCES AND LOADS The energy sources that are considered in this study are photovoltaic (PV), energy storage system (ESS) and connection with the MVAC/MVDC network. Fig. 2: LVDC network with energy sources and DC loads Connection to MV Grid Connection of LVDC microgrid to a MV network can be either AC or DC.

Low voltage direct current (LVDC) microgrid systems have many advantages over low voltage alternating current (LVAC) systems. Furthermore, LVDC microgrids are growing in use because they are easy to link to distributed energy resources (DER) and energy storage systems (ESS), etc. Currently, IT system LVDC microgrids are widely used in direct current ...

5 ???· There is a critical need to increase power system inertia during the grid transformation. However, in a low-voltage dc (LVDC) microgrid, many potential inertia contributors, such as ...

A new energy management scheme for grid-integrated battery-based solar PV system is developed for a more practical DC bus voltage of 48 V. The main objective of the proposed work is to feed the grid by optimizing the available energy from PV and battery system. A unique advance adaptive control algorithm is used to generate the reference signal which is ...

Low-voltage dc (LVdc) microgrids facilitate the integration of renewable energy systems and modern loads. However, they suffer from the lack of a sensitive, selective, reliable, and fast protection strategy. The low fault current of high-resistance faults makes fault detection and faulty zone identification challenging tasks for protection engineers. This article proposes ...

illustrated in Fig. 1. For example, LVDC microgrids can efficiently deliver high-quality power independent from the utility to the end-user with battery energy storage system or s [12] -[13]. A solid state DC transformer (DCT) can conveniently interconnect such LVDC microgrids and MVDC grids [14]-[15]. In another example of solar farms,

This paper examines the ultra- modern safety mechanisms set up for DC microgrid, with a focal point on LVDC Control strategy, construction, load flow, and strength management. Published ...

Figure 2 - DC short circuit current components in an active LVDC microgrid Figure 3 - DC positive pole ground fault current path in an active LVDC microgrid with the neutral point of the MV/LV transformer grounded even if the DC generators contribution may be switched off by IGBT block. It must be pointed out that ground faults are

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