

The major impediments in microgrid protection are bidirectional current flow and different fault behaviour of inverter interfaced distributed generators (IIDGs) in different modes ...

From (2), superimposed positive sequence current I_1 , can be obtained from the phase quantities by: $I_1 = \frac{1}{3}(I_a + a^2 I_b + a I_c)$ (5) Similar analysis could be used to obtain ...

A negative sequence current injection (NSCI)-based active protection scheme for islanded microgrids Zhenkun Yang *, Adam Dykko, Agust; ... literature which deal with protection ...

5 ; Pradhan R, and Jena P. Advanced fault detection technique for AC microgrid protection. In: 2023 IEEE 3rd International Conference on Sustainable Energy and Future ...

The inclusion of multi-energy distributed generators (DGs), especially inverter-interfaced generators, presents challenges in the microgrid's protection strategy and operational ...

Another approach to dealing with microgrid protection challenges is to develop or apply new quantities for detection of fault incidence that do not rely on high fault current magnitude. ...

The fault characteristics of microgrids are affected by the penetration of inverter-interfaced distributed generators (IIDGs). It makes conventional protection schemes no longer applicable. ...

to the control system and, negative and zero sequence currents are suppressed to zero [14] except when zero-sequence currents can be supplied from grid through transformer neutral. In ...

Inverter-interfaced distributed generators (IIDGs) embedded in microgrids inject limited fault currents, thus imposing a challenge on the protection of the islanded microgrid. This article ...

A. Negative sequence protection for generator protection Negative sequence protection is needed for generators because of probable damage caused by unbalanced currents resulting from ...

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